Recruiting, receiving and retaining international employees

Thematic findings from interviews with employees at the Department of Public Health, SDU

Meeting with the Department's Task Force February 23rd, 2021

Maria Dockweiler, SDU' Gender Equality Team

SDU 🎓

Gender Equality Plans på SDU

- Som led i SDU's strategiske ligestillingsindsats vedtog direktionen i december 2019 at indføre GEPs (Gender Equality Plans) på SDU
- GEPs rammesætter ligestillingsindsatser på institutter, fakulteter og SDU som helhed
- SDU's GEP tager udgangspunkt i <u>EU's GEP-Framework</u>, defineret af European Institute for Gender Equality, EIGE



European Institute for Gender Equality

 SDU's Gender Equality Team (GET) er koordinator for SPEAR, et <u>H2020-projekt</u>, der har til formål at implementere GEPs på europæiske forskningsinstitutioner, herunder SDU

Hvorfor Gender Equality Plans (GEPs)?

For at

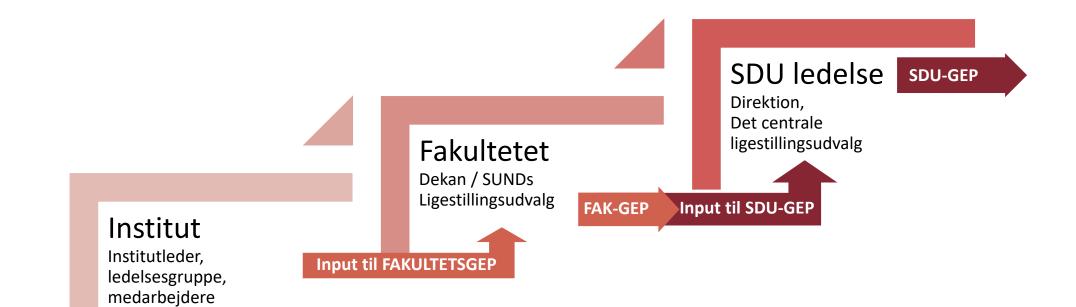
- Sikre gennemførelse, dokumentation og kvalitetssikring af SDU's ligestillingsindsats
- Strukturere og understøtte SDU's, fakulteters og institutters igangværende ligestillingsindsatser
- Perspektivere relevante og aktuelle problemstillinger på institutter ud fra ligestillingsopmærksomhed
- Tilbyde støtte til institutledere i arbejdet med ligestillingstemaer på institutterne

Og

- Lægge fundamentet for, at SDU opfylder kommende krav til støtte fra fx Horizon Europe, NORDFORSK etc.
- Leve op til EU's Gender Equality Strategy 2020-2025
- Bidrage til, at SDU kan opfylde de tværgående kønsdimensioner af FN's verdensmål



GEPs på SDU: ansvarlige aktører på tre organisatoriske niveauer



Set-up of the mini-project

→ Findings are derived from 7 semi-structured interviews, completed November 2020 – January 2021
→ Interviews took place online, on Zoom, and lasted 30-45 minutes

→ Interviews were not recorded; extensive "live" notetaking and a summary after each interview informs the findings
→ Informants' anonymity is secured through thematic findings, with no direct quotes or other personable references

 \rightarrow Interview informants were recruited by the Department, among academic and administrative staff. Informants:

- have all been employed at the Department from less than 1 year to 5+ years
- are predominantly from the EU, with a few from outside the EU
- have almost all had prior experiences with living abroad, either in former employments or during studies

→ Informants were asked to reflect on their experiences with arriving and settling into Denmark, with interviews following an almost chronologically framework illustrated below:



How or why did you end up at the department?

- → Cold-called Department because of an interest in the research and academic profile of the department
- \rightarrow Was invited to join/apply through network contacts
- → Saw an advertisement in a network email and realized SDU and the department had an interesting profile
- → "Timing" of the academic career path made a change of scenery necessary – and Denmark and SDU seemed relevant and an "easy" move
- → Family, friends or former colleagues pointing to SDU and/or Denmark as potential new destinations, either for work or for family life

Where did you get your questions answered before arriving at SDU?

Answering questions

- → Google and the internet was helpful although most pages had to be auto-translated to English
- → Friends and family and private contacts in Denmark, especially reg. housing and practicalities

- → The ISO website, especially regarding general information about housing and practicalities related to legal requirements, tax information etc.
- → Asked the contact(s) at the Department, especially regarding housing

When you just got here: how did you settle in work-wise?

- → There is a lot of academic freedom in Denmark. This was expected, but still positive to see that it's a reality
- → With most job tasks: "freedom with responsibility" is practiced, no one is clocking or checking up on you
- → There is a lot of work-related collaborations that ties the Department to other institutions outside of SDU and Denmark; this is appreciated by all internationals
- → The environment at the Department is less harsh and competitive than what has been the experience abroad
- → Time spent on or at work was an initial puzzle: Danes leave the office so, so early – but they then work so much in the evenings!



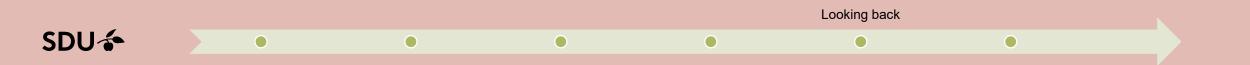
When you just got here: how did you settle in socially and privately?

- → Joining Facebook groups and other local networks of international expats to get acquainted with people
- \rightarrow Joining sports or other hobby clubs to grow network
- → Practical stuff reg. visa, registration, tax and pension information felt overly complicated at times, especially in an otherwise very digitalized Denmark
- → Information on rules and regulations were often given in very general terms, hard to find answers to concrete and case-specific questions
- → Getting HOUSING sorted was crucial and complicated:
 - The housing help through the Department is highly praised by those using it but not everyone knew about it
 - A recurring horror tale among all informants is that the housing market in Denmark is corrupt; this baffles them all
 - The consensus is that having a place to call home is critical to settling in, and this is not always smoothly achieved

Settling in privately

Looking back, what has been imperative for your wellbeing here?

- → Being patient with the system: Denmark is highly digitalized and hierarchically very flat, but it is not without its flaws
- → Having kids here: they and the institutions have become a key to integrating and learning about the Danish culture
- → Joining clubs/sports/networks and actively seeking out networks outside of work. It's more difficult than expected, to establish a social network
- \rightarrow Learning the language
- ightarrow The Danes have excellent supermarkets \odot



If you were to give some advice to another new international employee?

- → Go visit! Make sure you check the size of the city you'll end up in, the connection options with car or train etc.
- → Do your homework regarding your social life: sports clubs, proximity to sea and cities, special food needs etc. Figure out what your dealbreakers are
- → Do your homework regarding housing: What is your budget, where's your transport limit, who can you ask for help – especially before signing things?
- → Danes take their paperwork seriously, so make sure you learn to master the skills needed to do that too
- → Prioritize your language learning, and make a plan for how to make time for that when arriving
- → Get an international buddy to help you settle in and answer all your silly questions

Advice

Main takeaways

- \rightarrow All informants had previous experience going abroad, calling that out as crucial
 - > Are we also recruiting those without this experience? How to cater to them?
- \rightarrow Children/family contacts are key to cultural immersion
 - What about those arriving here without?
- \rightarrow The "red tape" issues regarding registration, visa, taxes and housing challenges surprised them all
 - > Can we clarify things more here? Offer both generic and one-on-one q & a? Expand on information reg. the Danish health system?
- \rightarrow Sports are key to social life
 - > Can we do more here, jointly with ISO? Do we keep lists and overviews of clubs, especially English-speaking?
- \rightarrow An international Buddy arrangement is greatly supported
 - > Can this be rolled out in a more structured format than the informal ones the informants have had?
- \rightarrow Where are the Danish colleagues?
 - > How may the lack of social interactions with colleagues (also international) translate to work-related interactions?